ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

December 31, 2013



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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ORGANIZATION

December 31, 2013

District Administrator: Jim Shaver

Name Position

Board of Managers:

Kristin Tuenge President
Steven Kronmiller
Steven Kronmiller
Dave DeVault
Victoria Dupre
Eric Lindberg
Thomas Polasik
Andrew Weaver

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Managers Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District Scandia, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Implementation of GASB 65

As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, in 2013 Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's 2012 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund in our report dated April 25, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 32 and 33, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

HLB TAUTGES REDPATH, LTD.

HdB Tautges Redgath, Hr.

March 17, 2014

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities	
	2013	2012
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$565,243	\$560,915
Grant receivable	2,105	9,700
Property taxes receivable:		
Due from county	5,590	5,833
Delinquent	12,387	9,941
Prepaid items	390	390
Capital assets - net:		
Nondepreciable	15,109	15,109
Depreciable	1,858	3,318
Total assets	602,682	605,206
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	17,589	30,257
Due to other governments	24,825	28,574
Payroll liabilities	9,398	9,245
Compensated absences payable - due within one year	3,675	-
Surety deposits payable	72,197	64,647
Unearned revenue	31,129	-
Total liabilities	158,813	132,723
Net position:		
Invested in capital assets	16,967	18,427
Unrestricted	426,902	454,056
Total net position	\$443,869	\$472,483

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2012

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) I Changes in N	
			Operating	Capital	Governm	ental
		Charges For	Grants and	Grants and	Activi	ties
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	2013	2012
Functions/Programs						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$178,833	\$10,250	\$ -	\$ -	(\$168,583)	(\$150,219)
Programs and projects	277,441	-	9,676	-	(267,765)	(291,293)
Total governmental activities	\$456,274	\$10,250	\$9,676	\$0	(436,348)	(441,512)
	General revenues Property taxes Other				407,275	406,044
		vestment earning	S		459	667
	Total gener	al revenues			407,734	406,714
	Change in net po	sition			(28,614)	(34,798)
	Net position - Jan	nuary 1			472,483	507,281
	Net position - De	ecember 31			\$443,869	\$472,483

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2012

	General 1	Fund
Assets	2013	2012
Cash and investments	\$565 242	¢560.015
Grants receivable	\$565,243 2,105	\$560,915 9,700
Taxes receivable:	2,103	9,700
Due from county	5,590	5,833
Delinquent	12,387	9,941
Prepaid items	390	390
Total assets	\$585,715	\$586,779
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$17,589	\$30,257
Due to other governments	24,825	28,574
Payroll liabilities	9,398	9,245
Surety deposits payable	72,197	64,647
Unearned revenue	31,129	-
Total liabilities	155,138	132,723
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Unavailable revenue	12,387	9,941
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable	390	390
Committed	335,636	357,321
Unassigned	82,164	86,404
Total fund balance	418,190	444,115
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, and fund balance	\$585,715	\$586,779
Fund balance reported above Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	\$418,190	\$444,115
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures	16,967	18,427
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds.	12,387	9,941
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable	(2.675)	
in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(3,675)	-
Net position of governmental activities	\$443,869	\$472,483

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2012

	General I	General Fund	
	2013	2012	
Revenues:			
General property taxes	\$404,829	\$408,600	
Intergovernmental	9,676	52,040	
Permits	10,250	1,415	
Other	-	3	
Investment income	459	667	
Total revenues	425,214	462,725	
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	173,698	150,174	
Programs and projects	277,441	343,333	
Total expenditures	451,139	493,507	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(25,925)	(30,782)	
Fund balance - January 1	444,115	474,897	
Fund balance - December 31	\$418,190	\$444,115	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended December 31, 2012

2013	2012
(\$25,925)	(\$30,782)
(1.460)	(1,460)
(1,100)	(1,100)
2,446	(2,556)
(2 675)	
(3,073)	
(\$28,614)	(\$34,798)
	(\$25,925) (1,460)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District (the District) was established on June 22, 1981 in accordance with Minnesota Statues, Chapter 112. The affairs of the District are governed by a Board of Managers (the Board) composed of seven members appointed by the Washington County Board of Commissioners to three-year terms of office.

The purpose of the District is to cooperate with and assist governmental agencies, municipalities, and citizens within the District to conserve the District's natural resources through water management.

The District's policy is to include in the financial statements all funds, account groups, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the District is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit.

Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*. There are no business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for financial resources to be used for general administrative expenditures and for the construction and maintenance of projects of common benefit to the District.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Board of Managers adopts a budget for the general government operations of the District on an annual basis. During the budget year, supplemental appropriations and deletions are or may be authorized by the Board. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the District for budgeting data. All appropriations end with the fiscal year for which they were made.

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy for collection during the calendar year. The District's records are maintained on a calendar year ending December 31.

The District monitors budget performance on the fund basis. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board through the disbursement approval process.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

The District prepares a revenue and expenditure budget for the District's General Fund. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District.

E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investment balances from all funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Investment income is allocated to individual funds on the basis of the fund's equity in the cash and investment pool.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 31, the District reports investments at fair value, based upon quoted market prices. Investment income is accrued at the balance sheet date. Also in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 31, the District has reported all investment income, including changes in fair value of investments, as revenue in the operating statements.

F. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in October (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the District, the local School District and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the District at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the District on or before July 7 and December 2 of the same year. Delinquent collections for November and December are received the following January. The District has no ability to enforce payment of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District recognizes property tax revenue in the period for which the taxes were levied. Uncollectible property taxes are not material and have not been reported.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and State credits received by the District in July, December and January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the District the following January) and taxes and credits not received by year end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the District in January are fully offset by deferred inflow of resources because they are not available to finance current expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

G. INVENTORIES

The original cost of materials and supplies has been recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. None of the District's funds maintain significant amounts of inventories of materials and supplies.

H. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets and intangible assets such as easements and computer software, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

GASB Statement No. 34 required the District to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include lake improvements, dams and drainage systems. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. For governmental entities with total annual revenues of less than \$10 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, the retroactive reporting of infrastructure is not required under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34. The District implemented the general provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 in 2008 and has elected not to report infrastructure assets acquired in years prior to 2004. The District has not acquired any infrastructure assets since implementing GASB Statement No. 34.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets effective January 1, 2010 which required the District to capitalize and amortize intangible assets. For governmental entities with total annual revenues of less than \$10 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, the retroactive reporting of intangible assets is not required under the provision of GASB Statement No. 51. The District had recorded material easements in prior years so retroactive reporting was not necessary. The District did not acquire any material intangible assets since implementing GASB Statement No. 51.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	_
Furniture	15 years
Equipment	15 years
Computers	5 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay benefits that are vested as severance pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

K. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by Resolution of the Board.

Assigned - consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the Board's intended use. These constraints are established by the Board.

Unassigned - is the residual classification for the general fund and also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use resources in the following order; 1) committed 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

L. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

M. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes.

N. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds". The details of this (\$2,446) difference are as follows:

Unavailable revenue - general property taxes: At December 31, 2012	(\$9,941)
At December 31, 2013	12,387
Net adjustments to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position of governmental activities.	\$2,446

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

Another element of that reconciliation includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund* balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this (\$1,406) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ -
Depreciation expense	(1,460)
Net adjustments to increase net changes in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position of governmental activities	(\$1,460)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$3,675) difference are as follows:

Compensated absences payable:

At December 31, 2012 \$
At December 31, 2013 (3,675)

Net adjustments to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities. (\$3,675)

Note 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. DEPOSITS

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks authorized by the District Board, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. Authorized collateral includes the following:

- a) United States government treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury bonds;
- b) Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

- c) General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- d) General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- e) Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- f) Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$565,243 and the bank balance was \$568,138. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or covered by perfected collateral pledged and held in the District's name.

B. INVESTMENTS

Minnesota Statutes authorize the District to invest in the following:

- a) Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies, its instrumentalities or organizations created by an act of congress, excluding mortgage-backed securities defined as high risk.
- b) Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) above, general obligation tax-exempt securities, or repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.
- c) Obligations of the State of Minnesota or any of its municipalities as follows:
 - 1) any security which is a general obligation of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service;
 - 2) any security which is a revenue obligation of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service; and
 - 3) a general obligation of the Minnesota housing finance agency which is a moral obligation of the State of Minnesota and is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating agency.
- d) Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e) Commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of the highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- f) Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers; or, a bank qualified as a depositor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

g) General obligation temporary bonds of the same governmental entity issued under section 429.091, subdivision 7; 469.178, subdivision 5; or 475.61, subdivision 6.

The District did not invest in any of the above listed investments during 2013.

Note 3 RECEIVABLES

Significant receivable balances not expected to be collected within one year of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

General Fund:
Delinquent property taxes

December 31,
2013

Seneral Fund:
\$6,095

Note 4 UNAVAILABLE REVENUES

Governmental funds report deferred inflow of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund) \$12,387

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

Note 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Permanent easement	\$15,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$15,109
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture	1,931	-	_	1,931
Equipment	16,969	-	_	16,969
Computers	998	-	-	998
Total capital assets, being depreciated	19,898	_	-	19,898
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture	1,674	129	_	1,803
Equipment	14,706	1,131	-	15,837
Computers	200	200	-	400
Total accumulated depreciation	16,580	1,460	-	18,040
Total capital assets being depreciated - net	3,318	(1,460)		1,858
Governmental activity capital assets - net	\$18,427	(\$1,460)	\$0	\$16,967

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government function.

Note 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF) and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF) which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statute, Chapters 353 and 356.

GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by State Statute, and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GERF and PEPFF. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org, by writing to PERA, 60 Empire Drive #200, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088 or by calling (651)296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

B. FUNDING POLICY

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The District makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. GERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10% and 6.25%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2013. The District was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2013: 11.78% for Basic Plan GERF members, 7.25% for Coordinated Plan GERF members. The District's contribution to the General Employees Retirement Fund for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$5,329, \$5,176 and \$5,184 respectively, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by State Statute.

Note 7 CHANGE IN COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	12/31/12	Additions	Deletions	12/31/13	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated payable	\$ -	\$8,198	(\$4,523)	\$3,675	\$3,675

It is not practicable to determine specific year of payment of long-term accrued compensated absences. Compensated absences are liquated by the General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

Note 8 FUND BALANCE

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* for the year ended December 31, 2012. This standard changed fund balance classifications for governmental fund statements. Definitions for the new classifications are included in Note 1K.

CLASSIFICATIONS

At December 31, 2013, a summary of the governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund
Nonspendable: Prepaid item	\$390
Committed for: Water management	335,636
Unassigned	82,164
Total	\$418,190

Note 9 CONTINGENCIES

Management has indicated that there are no pending lawsuits or other actions in which the District is a defendant.

Note 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Property and casualty liabilities are insured. The District retains risk for the deductible portions of the insurance. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

Note 11 OPERATING LEASE

BUILDING LEASE

The District leases building space under an operating lease that expires in 2014. The lease calls for monthly payments of \$420 until March of 2014. Total lease payments were \$5,040 in 2013.

In addition to the above base rent, the District is responsible for their percentage share of operating costs and taxes. The District's percentage share of operating costs and taxes is 5.00% on the effective date of this lease. The District paid \$1,348 in 2013 for operating costs.

Future minimum annual lease payments are as follows:

2014 \$1,260

Note 12 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the District implemented GASB Statements No. 61 and 65. GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – An Amendment of GASB No. 14 and No.34* modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity and also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (i.e. blending). GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* resulted in accounts previously presented as liabilities being reclassified as deferred inflows of resources.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

With Comparative Totals For December 31, 2012

	2013				
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	2012 Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts
Revenues:	_		_		
General property taxes	\$407,000	\$407,000	\$404,829	(\$2,171)	\$408,600
Intergovernmental	99,800	99,800	9,676	(90,124)	52,040
Permits	1,500	1,500	10,250	8,750	1,415
Other	-	-	-	-	3
Investment income	500	500	459	(41)	667
Total revenues	508,800	508,800	425,214	(83,586)	462,725
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government:					
Administrator and benefits	95,500	95,500	97,794	(2,294)	95,318
Manager expenses	8,000	8,000	6,841	1,159	2,736
Office supplies	2,000	2,000	4,999	(2,999)	2,001
Rent	5,040	5,040	5,928	(888)	6,140
Clerical services	3,500	3,500	4,743	(1,243)	3,427
Telephone and internet	3,000	3,000	2,391	609	2,716
Dues and publications	4,000	4,000	3,555	445	3,450
Training	2,000	2,000	5,576	(3,576)	1,794
Insurance and bonds	5,000	5,000	4,869	131	3,031
Postage and delivery	500	500	350	150	254
Public notices	500	500	377	123	617
Utilities	960	960	460	500	225
Employee mileage reimbursement	2,500	2,500	2,980	(480)	2,397
Office equipment	2,000	2,000	1,098	902	1,211
Printing and reproduction	1,000	1,000	800	200	109
Professional fees	24,100	24,100	30,937	(6,837)	24,748
Programs and projects	407,100	407,100	277,441	129,659	343,333
Total expenditures	566,700	566,700	451,139	115,561	493,507
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(\$57,900)	(\$57,900)	(25,925)	\$31,975	(30,782)
Fund balance - January 1			444,115		474,897
Fund balance - December 31		:	\$418,190	:	\$444,115

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NOTE TO RSI December 31, 2013

Note A BUDGETS

The General Fund budget is legally adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for the General Fund.

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OTHER REPORTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Board of Managers and Management Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District Scandia, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's Board of Managers and others within the Organization and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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March 17, 2014

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MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE REPORT

To the Board of Managers Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District Scandia, Minnesota

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2014.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories except public indebtedness because Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District has no debt.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, except as described in finding 2013-1. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District's Board and the State Auditor, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HLB TAUTGES REDPATH, LTD.

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March 17, 2014

Minnesota Legal Compliance Report Page 2

2013-1 Out-of-State Travel Policy

Criteria: Minnesota Statute 471.661 reads as follows:

471.661 Out-of-State Travel

The governing body of each statutory or home rule charter city, county, school district, regional agency, or other political subdivision, except a town, must have on record a policy that controls travel outside the state of Minnesota for the applicable elected officials of the relevant unit of government. The policy must be approved by a recorded vote and specify:

- (1) when travel outside the state is appropriate;
- (2) applicable expense limits; and
- (3) procedures for approval of the travel.

The policy must be made available for public inspection upon request and reviewed annually. Subsequent changes to the policy must be approved by a recorded vote.

Condition: The Watershed has not adopted an out-of-state travel policy.

Cause: Unknown.

Effect: An implied or verbal policy is subject to greater variation of its meaning and the likelihood of misinterpretation increases when a policy is not in writing.

Recommendation: We recommend the Watershed adopt an out-of-state travel policy in accordance with Minnesota Statute 471.661.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The Watershed will adopt an Out of State Travel Policy in 2014.